QBLITLIB

Conversion program

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Chapter 1

QBLITLIB

1.1 Overview of QBLITLIB

Overview

An Acid Software Library

Converted to AmigaGuide by

Red When Excited Ltd

Used with the permission of Acid Software

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1.2 QBLITLIB

Statement: Queue

Modes : Syntax : Queue Queue#,Max Items

The Queue command creates a queue object for use with the QBlit and UnQueue commands. What is a queue? Well, queues (in the Blitz 2 sense) are used for the purpose of multi-shape animation. Before going into what a queue is, let's have a quick look at the basics of animation.

Say you want to get a group of objects flying around the screen. To achieve this, you will have to construct a loop similar to the following:

Step 1: Start at the first object
Step 2: Erase the object from the display

Step 3: Move the object Step 4: Draw the object at it's new location on the display Step 5: If there are any more objects to move, go on to the next object and then $\,\,\leftrightarrow\,$ go to step 2, else... Step 6: go to step 1 Step 2 is very important, as if it is left out, all the objects will leave trails behind them! However, it is often very cumbersome to have to erase every object you wish to move. This is where queues are of use. Using queues, you can 'remember' all the objects drawn through a loop, then, at the end of the loop (or at the start of the next loop), erase all the objects 'remembered' from the previous loop. Lets have a look at how this works: Step 1: Erase all objects remembered in the queue Step 2: Start at the first object Step 3: Move the object Step 4: Draw the object at it's new location, and add it to the end of the queue Step 5: If there are any objects left to move, go on to the next object, then go \leftrightarrow to step 3; else... Step 6: Go to step 1 This is achieved quite easily using Blitz 2's queue system. The UnQueue command performs step 1, and the QBlit command performs step 4. Queues purpose is to initialize the actual queue used to remember

objects in. Queue must be told the maximum number of items the queue is capable of remembering, which is specified in the Max Items parameter.

1.3 QBLITLIB

Statement: QBlit

Modes :
Syntax : QBlit Queue#,Shape#,X,Y[,Excessonoff]

QBlit performs similarly to Blit, and is also used to draw a shape onto the currently used bitmap. Where QBlit differs, however, is in that it also remembers (using a queue) where the shape was drawn, and how big it was. This allows a later UnQueue command to erase the drawn shape.

Please refer to the Queue command for an explanation of the use of queues.

The optional Excessonoff parameter works identically to the Excessonoff parameter used by the Blit command. Please refer to the Blit command for more information on this parameter.

1.4 QBLITLIB

Statement: UnQueue

Modes : Syntax : UnQueue Queue#[,BitMap#]

UnQueue is used to erase all 'remembered' items in a queue. Items are placed in a queue by use of the QBlit command. Please refer to Queue for a full explanation of queues and their usage.

An optional BitMap# parameter may be supplied to cause items to be erased by way of 'replacement' from another bitmap, as opposed to the normal 'zeroing out' erasing.

1.5 QBLITLIB

Statement: QBlitMode

Modes : Syntax : QBlitMode BLTCON0

QBlitMode allows you to control how the blitter operates when QBlitting shapes to bitmaps. Please refer to BlitMode for more information on this command.

1.6 QBLITLIB

Statement: FlushQueue

Modes : Syntax : FlushQueue Queue#

FlushQueue will force the specified queue object to be 'emptied', causing the next UnQueue command to have no effect.

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